

A Few Words More.

The Alta California has but one view of military affairs, and that is that they cannot be wrong. If the editors were private soldiers, they could or would not more promptly and subversively obey the wishes of army officials—right or wrong. If they could be classed in the category of ignoramuses, we would charitably so put them down. They have always taken considerable interest in Arizona affairs—being sometimes right and often wrong. They have assumed to know more of affairs here than those who live here, and whose business it is to carefully examine and report the facts, and in this way often exhibit pure impudence. This by way of preface. Following appeared in its columns:

An army officer has been stationed at the San Carlos reservation, Arizona, as military inspector, and the Agent, J. P. Clum, has resigned. The Tucson Critic, heretofore the ardent advocate of Mr. Clum in his controversies with the military department, says the presence of such an inspector is an insult. If that idea was the motive of Mr. Clum's resignation, his services can be spared without the least regret. We know of no good reason why an honest official should dread the presence of an inspector; and we have good reason for believing that many shameful abuses have been committed on Indian reservations in Arizona because there was no proper inspection.

Mr. Clum resigned before he knew of such inspection being ordered, and he holds letters from the Commissioner written after his refusal to submit to inspection if still in the service, highly commending his administration. THE CITIZEN has been no ardent defender of him in his controversy with the military. He did not need any defender, for he was amply able to take care of himself; but we did freely give him space to present his views and side of the case.

The Alta writer of the above paragraph, either has no common sense, no applicable facts, or no sense of justice, especially as applied to the case under consideration.

Gen. Kautz has been the prime accuser of Agent Clum. All other accusations have come from men and papers who seem to delight in doing the General's bidding. The General being the accuser, he asks privilege to appoint an inspector, or in other words an officer to confirm his charges. As much has been inferred by the General, we may infer that if the General should happen to appoint an officer who would fail to confirm his charges, such officer would not hold his position a great while.

The General accused Agent Clum of inefficiency and insinuated he was guilty of criminal conduct. He then asked to be judge in the case, a bit of presumption strongly savoring of injustice without parallel in any legal or just proceeding ever before known. The Alta considers such a proceeding void of objection to any honest agent. Nothing could be more insulting and unjust. No just man or paper would characterize it otherwise. Think of the accuser being prosecutor, witness, and practically judge of the case!

Even the Alta has heretofore been supposed to have too much sense if not justice, to champion such a vile cause. Any action of the Arizona weaklings and servile tools of Gen. Kautz, right or wrong, is to be expected, and hence unworthy of any comment.

Ex-Agent Clum has done good service in Arizona. The good people know it and acknowledge it. No other civil Indian agent over Apaches ever met with the success and therefore popular approval that Mr. Clum has. He goes out of office in flying colors. He was not brow-beaten by Gen. Kautz, or any one else, and the people most interested in Arizona's true welfare, honor him for his service and course of conduct. No more need be said in his or their behalf.

Having inaugurated the dangerous and contemptible double authority of civil and military officers at San Carlos, we now hope the reservation will be put under complete charge of the military. The sooner done the better under the circumstances. We think from civil rule the better rule, but civil and military not so good as military alone. Let some department be wholly responsible. If the military should keep the Indians at peace and as contented as Agent Clum has done, then they would have as hearty praise as he has justly had, and we will give them ample time to get fairly at work. Make the military wholly responsible and not merely fault-finders. Put them in a position wherein they must build up and not tear down.

There has been so much persistent misrepresentation of this business in all its bearings and also of all those who have dared to express opinions adverse to General Kautz's course, that we have deemed the foregoing proper at this time; and while the double-headed authority prevails at San Carlos, it will be simply waste of time and space to say anything of the management one way or another. If peace be maintained, we have little or no care which department is in charge. For seven years in Arizona, we have supported military and civil management just as it was good or otherwise, and have had, as we have now, the hearty support of a large majority of the good citizens, and especially of those most exposed to Indian thefts and murders.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Total subscription to the 4 per cent. loan, \$65,982,500.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Special Dispatches to THE CITIZEN, by United States Telegraph Line.

SAN DIEGO, July 26.—The strike among the railroad operatives in the East, is the most formidable labor revolution ever known. Already the loss by the destruction of property and suspension of traffic amounts to over one hundred millions of dollars in riots at Pittsburgh, Baltimore and other places. An aggregate of 200 to 300 lives have been lost. The strike extends to all lines in the East, and workmen in mines and manufactories in all large cities are joining. The Union and Central Pacific and two or three other lines have rescinded the order for reduction of wages. Other great lines stand firm. There is almost a total suspension of business, and the news occupies the wires to the exclusion of everything else.

The San Francisco hoodlums are raiding Chinatown, and riotous demonstrations are occurring in Oakland. Vigilance committees are organized in both places, and the militia are under arms to aid the police.

The Indian war in Idaho is completely suppressed, and the remnant of Joseph's band is in Montana.

England gives signs of an immediate intervention in the Russian and Turkish war.

SAN DIEGO, July 27.—Been waiting all day to give you latest. In San Francisco on Thursday night, the hoodlums tried to burn the Pacific Mail dock; also sent crowds through the city to raid on the Chinese. The vigilance committee turned out strong and with the police charged the mob, giving it a terrible punishment, killing and wounding many rioters. The mob broke and ran like sheep. The vigilantes are thoroughly organized several thousand strong.

Admiral Murray to-day ordered the men of war to the Pacific Mail dock and foot of Market street, to sweep away the mob if they come again; also landed the Marines for guard duty. Every preparation is made to suppress a further outbreak.

CHICAGO.—Rioting here all day yesterday. Several killed. Troops rode down to Halstead Street viaduct, where the largest mob was congregated last night, and opened a severe fire by volleys on the mob. Fifteen were killed and rest fled. The military and police now hold the city at all points. Business is generally suspended.

ST. LOUIS.—A general suspension labor; riot was formidable yesterday, but complete arrangements are now made to put it down. The Mayor orders all laborers to disperse and go to their homes.

The Labor Union has sent a committee to the Governor of Missouri, demanding instant convention of the legislature and the passage of an 8-hour law, etc., or the tidal wave of revolution would sweep all before it. No answer has yet been returned to this insolent message.

The railroad strike appears to be coming to an end, and workers returning on nearly all eastern roads. The troubles at St. Louis, Chicago and San Francisco are confined to the worst classes of community, with but few real working men, unless it may be in St. Louis.

No Eastern war news came to-day, or for the last three days.

Greenbacks, 95 1/2 @ 95 3/4.

Railway Matters.

Gov. Brown, a prominent Southern director of the Texas Pacific railway, is due at San Diego if not now there. There is an evident purpose on part of the Southern and some Western States to make a determined effort in the next Congress to procure such legislation as will enable the company to build a through overland line directly to San Diego, and just as evident a purpose on the part of the Chicago, New York and Boston interests to prevent such legislation. The Southern Pacific is now at Yuma and its managers feel the necessity of pushing their road eastward a few hundred miles as soon as possible, and at latest advices of a trustworthy character, they were discussing the advisability of this advance. They have the means and material, and the question with them seems to be whether or not it would be safe to run over the Texas Pacific ground at this time. The apparently good prospect, which existed six months ago, of a compromise with the Texas Pacific whereby the Southern Pacific could securely build forward to the Rio Grande, has vanished. We surely hope Congress will at its next session decide upon something definite or that the companies will compromise so we can have this and other roads at an early day; for now at least one company stands ready to rapidly put the main line through without additional aid.

Arizona needs above all things a railway through her whole length. From what we are reliably informed, the Clifton copper mines alone would load a train every day with metal, if the cars were within a reasonable distance, and this is simply one small section of a few miles in extent. Looking at the situation from this point, we repeat our hope that whatever action Congress intends to take affecting the 32-parallel railroad, will be decisively taken the next Congress, or that the rival companies will compromise and give us the road.

Dr. J. A. Tonsor still occupies the highly respectable and desirable place of physician in the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, and we are glad to know his practice is quite satisfactory.

CLIFTON, Arizona, Items from Silver City Herald, July 21:

Mr. Gleason informs us that a rain Friday produced a flood from the foot hills behind the works at his mine which washed off three thousand bricks that had been moulded. This mishap will retard the erection of their furnace. The firm have put on an extra force of men to mould new bricks. They expect to be turning out copper in ten days from now.

The mine shows a face two hundred feet in length, and at least thirty feet in width, and is estimated that there are in this body over ten thousand tons in sight. They employ between forty and fifty men.

Baker and Bronts, gold miners on the Frisco river, near Clifton copper mines, arrived in town last Monday, and we learn that there is gold there, and that it will pay experienced placer miners to go for it, but to succeed a liberal expenditure of elbow grease is necessary.

At Runkard and Johnson's camp, work has temporarily ceased but will be resumed as soon as a ditch can be taken out. It is the intention to erect a wheel to be used as a power for pumping. Their ground is good and seems to justify the outlay.

Isaac Stevens and John Bricks are also in that neighborhood mining. They are opening a ditch and damming the Frisco, and will soon be ready to utilize the water. These parties are mining and making it pay.

New Mining Organization.

Mr. Henry Helm and Gov. Safford recently organized a syndicate in San Francisco, to thoroughly prospect the Tiger mine in Bradshaw district. The organization is composed of the following well known and responsible men: Judge E. O. F. Hastings, Col. J. D. Fry, O. Allen, Henry Helm, Gov. Safford, Hugo Richards, Geo. W. Bowers, Levi Basford and C. C. Bean. An engine, hoisting machinery, tools and provisions have already been purchased and shipped to the mine, and operations will commence as soon as these supplies reach the mine. These gentlemen agree to expend \$10,000 in prospecting the mine and if satisfied with the development, they have the privilege of purchasing it on or before February 1, 1878, for \$48,000. The Tiger mine has always been considered one of the best in the Territory, and we are informed that there is now on the dump about 500 tons of good ore, and ore to the value of \$17,000 has been heretofore sold from the mine, in San Francisco. We hope the parties engaged in this work, and indeed all mining enterprises, may be amply rewarded in the development of a richer mine than they expect.

The 10 per cent. reduction of wages of all employees on the various railroads, has brought on the largest railroad strike ever known in the United States. It commenced on the Baltimore & Ohio, in West Virginia, and the strikers were so strong as to overpower the State Militia, and on call of the Governor, the President ordered United States troops to the scene, and issued a proclamation, calling upon all in opposition to the law to disperse. A fight occurred in Baltimore on the night of the 20th, in which nine were killed outright, and about twenty wounded. Trains on nearly all the roads as far west as Chicago and St. Louis, are more or less delayed. The strikers have set fire to buildings, and taken life, but of course will have to soon yield, no matter how just their cause of complaint. It is very unfortunate for the laborer that among his first acts when on a strike, is to kill some innocent person or persons, or set fire to buildings, which endangers the lives and property of many who would, under any law abiding course, sympathize with him.

Since the above was put in type, we have received special dispatches, which tell a sad story for all concerned. The law will soon prevail, however, and the strikers will be the great sufferers.

Border Trouble Near San Diego.

San Diego, July 20.—Today's mail from Campo brings further information regarding the killing of two Mexican horse thieves by the Elliott Brothers. It seems the Elliotts lost stock and had tracked it to a point below the line where they came up with it in possession of a party of Mexicans, number not stated. A fight ensued in which two Mexicans were killed, and two of the three brothers Elliott wounded. The brothers were afterward arrested by the Mexican authorities. The friends of the Elliotts becoming alarmed at their absence started a second party who were also arrested. No news having been received still another party was organized and crossed the line, and in their turn were taken by the Mexicans. The three parties of Americans captured and now said to be on their way to San Rafael as prisoners, aggregate 19. Deputy Sheriff Campbell and a telegraph operator started for Milquay valley and camp.

MADAME RUMOR, that irrepressible old lady, whose tongue knows no rest and is ever on the wing, announces that Secretary Sherman will be sent as our plenipotentiary to Great Britain, and that Gov. McCormick is to be promoted, pursuant to the civil service rules, to the position of Secretary of the Treasury. Madame also reports that Hon. Edward McPherson, the present chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, is to be advanced to the post of Assistant Secretary. If this is true, the Treasury Department will be controlled by two of the most brilliant executive officers in the country.

TULLY, OCHOA & Co. received advice by stage of Thursday, that a large band of Indians were crossing the San Simon valley, coming westward, and that Lt. Rucker, Sixth Cavalry, was out after them. Word has been sent to the various military posts east and south of here.

Mexican Border News.

GALVESTON, July 20.—A Brownsville special says that General Escobedo is now at Rio Grande City. It is reported that his men are armed and occupy their encampment. Col. Abram A. Guine and several other Mexican officers of Matamoros are under arrest, charged with holding connection with General Escobedo. Ex-Governor Dilla is at a rancho near Edinburg, where he is said to be recruiting for Lerdo. It is said here that the order of the Mexican Secretary of War has not been sent officially to General Canales. He has frequently asserted that the only order he has is from General Trevino, instructing him to carry out the agreement with General Ord, and that he and the United States authorities are in accord.

Rain and Hail.

Our great storm occurred here on Thursday, July 19th. On the 17th a similar one prevailed in New York and New Jersey, and on the 20th Los Angeles and vicinity saw some sharp lightning and heard some loud thunder, and had a little rain in some places and a good deal about seventy-five miles northward. Two men were struck with lightning north of Los Angeles, at San Fernando, and the Republican of the 21st reports a steady pour down of rain at Yuma from 10.30 p. m. of Thursday, till 3 a. m. Friday.

THE Prescott Enterprise seems surprised that it is not weekly reminded that the Capital was taken to Prescott by the most barefaced fraud ever perpetrated under the forms of law, and that it feebly defends the fraud. Since its frank acknowledgment that it has been the medium for the publication of "pure inventions and cowardly slanders," it would be mere waste of time to notice its bad character.

WM. E. GARRETT writes Mr. Frank Staples, that he has discovered a mine (Randolph) ten miles northwest of the Silver King which is 45 feet wide. As says of ore by the Silver King assayer gives \$3008.99 per ton, and ores from another new discovery at the same place, are worth \$1040 and \$1213 per ton.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—A Galveston special from Rio Grande City says there is great excitement at that place. General Escobedo and staff were arrested before daylight this morning, by Col. Price of the United States army, commanding Ringgold barracks. Escobedo intended to cross the river to-day or tomorrow, after receiving arms by this morning's boat.

SAN FRANCISCO POST, July 21: Articles of incorporation of the Silver King Northern Mining Company were filed yesterday, to work in Arizona, with a capital stock of \$10,000,000. The Directors are James Walsh, W. E. Hale, Leon Well, Camilo Martin and H. L. Cove.

JOHN DACEY, section foreman on the railway, died from the effects of heat at Indio on the California desert, July 20.

BORN.

At Yuma, A. T., July 15, to the wife of M. Hodges, a son.

DIED.

In Burlington, Vermont, July 26, 1877, Alfred B. Safford, of Aspelux.

[Deceased was a brother of Gov. Safford of this place. He was in the prime of life and having lived most temperately in all respects, enjoyed good health and was always the happiest of men. Few men have lived more useful lives, and not one in a million has ever done so many kind and liberal acts to those about him as he did. His heart, hand and pocket were always open to aid worthy people and objects about him. Unhappiness could hardly exist in his presence. The poor and needy never had a more earnest and liberal friend, and by them he will be sadly and keenly missed, and words cannot express the loss to those united to him by family ties, and to one and all we extend a most sincere sympathy.]

Alfred B. Safford had been a successful banker at Cairo, Illinois, for over twenty years, and was at the time of his death. During the past few years, he devoted more time to relaxation, and at the time of his death, was returning from quite a tour through Canada with his wife and sister.—Ed. CITIZEN.]

At Sweetwater, A. T., July 15, 1877, H. B. Hartman. He was a licensed trader with the Pima and Maricopa Indians for several years. By uniform square dealing he secured the respect of all who knew him. His death was sudden.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice of Sale of County Bonds.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Board of County Wagon Road Commissioners at the town of Phoenix in the County of Maricopa, up to and including the 27th day of August, 1877, for the purchase of bonds of the County of Maricopa, issued under and by virtue of the provisions of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Arizona, entitled "An Act authorizing a loan on the credit of the County of Maricopa, Territory of Arizona, and to provide for building a wagon road from Phoenix, in Maricopa county, to Globe City, in Pinal county, and to provide for a Black Canyon and via Wickenburg, and road from Phoenix to Yuma via Agua Caliente," approved February 9, 1877. The amount of bonds to be sold is Two Thousand Six Hundred Dollars (\$2600), and proposals will be received for the whole amount or for a part thereof of not less than one thousand dollars.

No bid will be received that proposes to pay less than eighty cents on the dollar. Proposals opened on the 27th day of August, 1877, at 2 o'clock p. m. Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, Chairman of the Board of County Wagon Road Commissioners, at Phoenix in Maricopa county.

JOHN S. SMITH, Chairman.

Board Wagon Road Commissioners, Phoenix, July 21, 1877.

45-5W

For Rent—Palace Hotel.

THIS FINE PALACE IS FOR RENT for one year, with the privilege of any longer period that may be desired. Without doubt it is the

Finest Hotel Property in Arizona.

It is neatly finished throughout; two stories high; has 200 rooms; is centrally located with frontage on Main and Meyer streets.

For particulars inquire of the undersigned at Tucson, Arizona.

MAISH & DRISCOLL.

Tucson, July 28, 1877.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attention!!!

Great Bargains
— AT THE —
Cosmopolitan Hotel.

A Fine Assortment New Dining Room Furniture,
— COMPRISING: —

Four Dozen New Chairs, and Tables,
A Large Assortment of
Chinaware, Crockery, Casters, Glassware, Sugar Bowls, Cream and Water Pitchers, Knives and Forks, Tea and Table Spoons, etc.

Also
Table Linen, Bed Linen, Pillow Cases, Towels, Napkins,
— AND —

1 No. 9 Charter Oak Cooking Stove, nearly new,
With Complete set of Furniture.

The above desirable lot of property can be seen at any time at the COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL, and will be on Private Sale up to SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1877, when, if not disposed of, will be sold at Public Auction at 9 o'clock.

Terms of Sale—Cash on Delivery.

OTT, Auctioneer.

Tucson, July 28.

42-2W

NORTON, STEWART & CO.,

CAMP GRANT.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—In all kinds of—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

— AND —

Sutler's Stores and Supplies.

—

We have just received a new and large stock of goods direct from New York and Philadelphia, and are now prepared to sell goods as cheap as any house

IN SOUTHERN ARIZONA.

Officers and soldiers, and the attaches of a Military Post, will find articles selected with special view to their necessities and wants.

—

FARMERS AND RANCHMEN

In Central Southeastern Arizona and on the Upper Gila will in future

Discover it to be to their Advantage

To purchase in their own vicinity and

— at the —

MOST REASONABLE RATES.

Their Farming Tools and Utensils, their household supplies and goods, and everything needed about a ranch.

—

Drovers and Stock Dealers

Need not make expensive trips to the large centers of business, when they find our establishment filled with articles adapted to their wants.

—

Miners and Prospectors

Need not carry their hard-earned in the future a long distance and expend all they have for the necessary tools and supplies to continue work.

—

At Camp Grant they will find all they need at Living Prices.

We shall keep constantly on hand a complete assortment and variety of goods consisting of:

GROCERIES.

DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY,

CLOTHING,

STATIONERY,

HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS,

SHOES.

WINES,

ALES,

LIQUORS,

CIGARS,

FARMERS AND MINERS OUTFITS,

TOBACCOS, Etc., Etc.

—

Camp Grant is situated convenient to Pueblo Viejo and other new settlements on the Gila; not far from the noted Clifton Mines, on the route between Camps Bowie and Apache, and San Carlos.

—

We invite all to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

—

NORTON, STEWART & CO.

Camp Grant, October 29, 1876.

—

Star Stables and Corral.

—

Tucson, - - - Arizona.

—

JAMES CARROLL, - - - Proprietor.

—

CENTRALLY LOCATED IN THE rear of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, and fronting on the Court-House Plaza and Pennington streets.

—

Excellent Hay and Grain in the

Corral.

—

Experienced hostlers always in attendance.

Rooms adjoining the Corral.

—

JOS. COLLINGWOOD & CO.

Florence, Pinal County, June 16.

—

Cor. of Main and First St. 204 California Street, Yuma, Arizona. San Francisco & Cal.

James M. Barney.

Successor to the Late Firm of William B. Hooper & Co.,

Continues the Business in ARIZONA and CALIFORNIA

— AS BEFORE —

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE

MERCHANT, MERCHANT.

Shipping and Commission Merchant.

Will Carry a Full Prime Stock of

PROVISIONS, PROVISIONS,

GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, HARDWARE,

SADDLERY, SADDLERY,

DRUGS AND MINING MATERIALS, DRUGS AND MINING MATERIALS,

Selected to Exactly Suit

Merchants, Station Keepers, Miners, Ranchers and Freighters

— of —

ARIZONA and MEXICO.

Solicits Orders for Goods and Assures

— Satisfaction —

FORWARDS FREIGHT AND MERCHANDISE

to any Part of the World—Insuring